Intro Learning Module - sigma_x for inner radius = 1cm

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Problem Specification
1. Find Reactions R_{A}, R_{B}
2. Calculate _{X} for r_{i}= 1 cm
3. Plot _{X} vs. r_{i}
4. _{X} vs. r_{i} (Take 2)
5. _{X} vs. r_{i} (Take 3: File Input/Output)
6. _{X} vs. r_{i} (Take 4: Functions)
Tips
Comments
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Calculate $_x$ for $r_i = 1$ cm

Remember elementary statics? It gives the bending stress at point O as

$$\sigma_{x} = \frac{My}{I} \quad y = r_{o}$$

$$M = -600 \ Nm$$

$$I = \frac{\pi(r_{o}^{4} - r_{i}^{4})}{4}$$

Using my calculator, I get y=-101.7 MPa. We'll check the MATLAB result against this value.

Calculate x at point O

In your program, leave a blank line and start a new section for calculating $_{x}$ at point O with an explanatory comment line. Then, create the parameters M, ro, and ri since these are needed to calculate $_{v}$.

Following this is the statement to calculate *I*, the moment of inertia:

$$10 - I = pi*(ro^4 - ri^4)/4;$$

Things to note: the parameter pi is predefined and contains a very accurate value of . The operator ^ is used to raise a quantity to a desired power. Now we can calculate value value value of .

The factor 10^-6^ above converts the result into MPa. The semi-colon at the end of the line is left off so that we can see what the resulting value of sigma_x is. Click on the Run icon in the editor (or hit the F5 key). What is the value of sigma_x reported by your program? I get

$$sigma_x = -101.8592$$

This is close enough to my paper-and-pencil result of -101.7 MPa above. See my entire program here (right click and select save target as, or just left-click and copy-paste in the editor).

Go to Step 3: Plot $_{\rm X}$ vs. $\rm r_{i}$

Go to all MATLAB Learning Modules