

FLUENT - Compressible Flow in a Nozzle- Problem 1

Author: Rajesh Bhaskaran & Yong Sheng Khoo, Cornell University

[Problem Specification](#)

[1. Pre-Analysis & Start-up](#)

[2. Geometry](#)

[3. Mesh](#)

[4. Setup \(Physics\)](#)

[5. Solution](#)

[6. Results](#)

[7. Verification & Validation](#)

Problem 1

[Problem 2](#)

Problem 1

Consider the nozzle flow problem solved using FLUENT in the tutorial. Recall that the nozzle has a circular cross-sectional area, A , that varies with axial distance from the throat, x , according to the formula:

$$A = 0.1 + x^2$$

where A is in square meters and x is in meters. The stagnation pressure p_o and stagnation temperature T_o at the inlet are 101,325 Pa and 300 K, respectively.

Using the quasi-1D flow assumption, determine the static pressure at the nozzle inlet and outlet for the following conditions:

- (a) Sonic flow at the throat, and supersonic, isentropic flow in the diverging section.
- (b) Sonic flow at the throat, and subsonic, isentropic flow in the diverging section.
- (c) Sonic flow at the throat and normal shock at the exit.

Go to [Problem 2](#)

[See and rate the complete Learning Module](#)

[Go to all FLUENT Learning Modules](#)