## **Creating Additional Metadb Schemas**

(From John Malconian, Index Data)

We have small groups of users who will need access to read and write to their own functional area local schemas.

If these users have database accounts that were created via Metadb, then they will automatically have their own local schema to read and write to. The schema name will be the same as name of user/role.

We also need to create a schema for our legacy system data to which users only have read access

This is outside the scope of Metadb, but can, of course, co-exist in the same database. In this case you could create a didicated role with 'inherit' which would function more or less as a group, create the schema, grant read-only privs to the role on the schema, and then add users to the role. Example: CREATE my\_ro\_schema\_role INHERIT;

CREATE SCHEMA my\_ro\_schema;

GRANT USAGE ON SCHEMA my\_ro\_schema TO my\_ro\_schema\_role;

GRANT SELECT ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA my\_ro\_schema to my\_ro\_schema\_role;

GRANT my\_ro\_schema\_role to \$USER1;

GRANT my\_ro\_schema\_role to \$USER2;

etc

In addition, we need to create a schema that only our small reporting team can write to, but allows for read access for all users.

Similar to above, but, in addition, create a role for read-write:CREATE my\_rw\_schema\_role INHERIT;

CREATE SCHEMA my\_rw\_schema;

GRANT USAGE ON SCHEMA my\_rw\_schema TO my\_rw\_schema\_role;

GRANT USAGE ON SCHEMA my\_rw\_schema TO my\_ro\_schema\_role;

GRANT SELECT ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA my\_rw\_schema TO my\_rw\_schema\_role;

GRANT SELECT ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA my\_rw\_schema TO my\_ro\_schema\_role;;

GRANT CREATE ON SCHEMA my\_rw\_schema TO my\_rw\_schema\_role;

GRANT ALL ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA my\_rw\_schema TO my\_rw\_schema\_role;GRANT my\_rw\_schema\_role to \$USER1;

GRANT my\_rw\_schema\_role to \$USER2;

etc.Note that when a user with rw privs creates a table in the rw schema, they will need to explicitly grant privs on their table in order for others to use it. For example, GRANT SELECT ON my\_rw\_schema.mytable TO my\_ro\_schema\_role; GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON my\_rw\_schema.mytable TO my\_rw\_schema\_role; Nassib might have other suggestions, but that's how I've done it.