Steady Flow Past a Cylinder - Geometry (Older version)

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Problem Specification 1. Pre-Analysis & Start-Up 2. Geometry 3. Mesh 4. Physics Setup 5. Numerical Solution 6. Numerical Results 7. Verification & Validation Exercises
Exercises Comments

THIS IS AN OLDER VERSION. PLEASE USE CURRENT VERSION OF THIS PAGE.

Geometry

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For users of ANSYS 15.0, please check this link for procedures for turning on the Auto Constraint feature before creating sketches in DesignModeler.

Strategy for Geometry Creation

In order to create the desired geometry we will first create a surface body for the cylinder. Next, we will create a surface body for the outer boundary as a "frozen body", so that it doesn't merge with the first surface body. Then, we will use a boolean operation to subtract the small surface body from the large surface body. At this point, we will have the surface body of the outer boundary with a hole in the middle where the cylinder is. Lastly, we will project a vertical line on to the geometry, so that radial edge sizing can be implemented in the meshing process.

Fluid Flow(FLUENT) Project Selection

Drag Fluid Flow(FLUENT) into the Project Schematic window.

Analysis Type

(Right Click) Geometry > Properties Set Analysis Type to 2D

Properties of Schematic A2: Geometry								
•	A	В						
1	Property	Value						
2	= General							
3	Cell ID	Geometry						
4	Geometry Source							
5	Geometry File Name							
6	Basic Geometry Options							
7	Solid Bodies	✓						
8	Surface Bodies	✓						
9	Line Bodies							
10	Parameters	✓						
11	Parameter Key	DS						
12	Attributes							
13	Named Selections							
14	Material Properties							
15	 Advanced Geometry Options 							
16	Analysis Type	2D 🔻						
17	Use Associativity							
18	Import Coordinate Systems							
19	Import Work Points							
20	Reader Mode Saves Updated File							
21	Import Using Instances	Image: A start of the start						
22	Smart CAD Update							
23	Enclosure and Symmetry Processing	✓						
24	Mixed Import Resolution	None 🔻						

Launch Design Modeler

(Double Click) Geometry

Create Inner Circle and Dimension

Create a circle, centered around the origin in the xy plane. Set the diameter of the circle to 1m.

Inner Circle Surface Body Creation

Concept > Surfaces From Sketches .

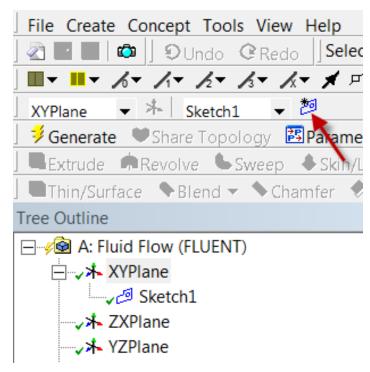
Set the **Base Object** to Sketch 1 (located underneath XYPlane in the Tree). You can do this by clicking within the tree or you can click on the circle to select Sketch 1. Then click **Apply** next to **Base Object**.

Click Generate

Create New Sketch in the XY Plane

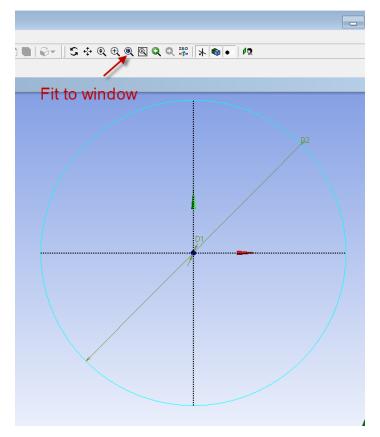
In this step we will create a new sketch in the XY Plane. This step is required for the boolean operation that we will carry out later in the geometry process. It allows us to create two distinguishable geometries, in the xy plane.

Click on XYPlane in the Tree Outline and it should highlight blue. Then click on the New Sketch button,



Create Outer Circle and Dimension

Now, create a circle centered around the origin in Sketch 2. Set the diameter of the circle to 64m. You can click the "fit to window" button shown below to see both circles.



Outer Circle Surface Body Creation

In this step the Surface Body will be created as a frozen, such that it does not merge with the inner circle surface body.

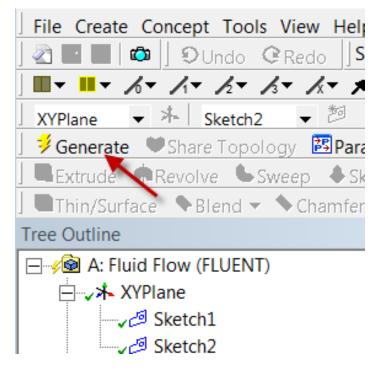
Concept > Surfaces From Sketches .

Set the **Base Object** to Sketch 2 (located underneath XYPlane in the Tree). You can do this by clicking within the tree or you can click on the outer circle to select Sketch 2. Then click **Apply** next to **Base Object**.

Then set Operation to Add Frozen as shown in the image below.

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De	etails View		9
Ξ	Details of SurfaceSk2		
	Surface From Sketches	SurfaceSk2	
	Base Objects	1 Sketch	
	Operation	Add Frozen	•
	Orient With Plane Normal?	Add Material	
	Thickness (>=0)	Add Frozen	

Then, click Generate



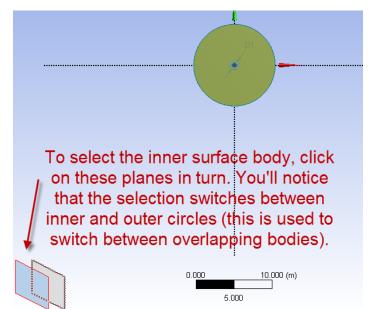
Carry Out Boolean Operation: Subtraction

In this step, the inner circle will be subtracted from the outer circle in order to obtain the desired geometry.

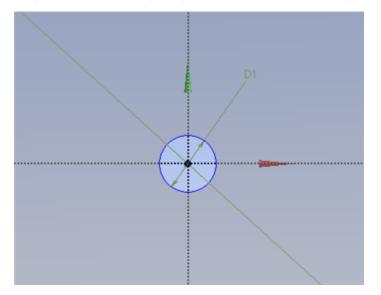
Create > Boolean .

First, set Operation to Subtract. Next, use the face selection filter, (ID), to apply the outer circle surface body as the Target Body. Then, use the face

selection filter, **W**, to apply the inner circle surface body as the **Tool Body**. In order to select inner circle which overlaps with the outer circle, you may have to click on the planes to the lower left as shown below.



Lastly, click Generate . At this point if you zoom into the center of the circle you should see the 1m diameter hole, as shown below.



Create a Bisecting Line

The purpose of this step and the following two steps is to imprint a line onto the geometry that will, allow for radial edge sizing in the meshing step.

Click on *XYPlane* in the tree and it should highlight blue. Then, click the new sketch button, ²⁹. In the new sketch draw a line on the y axis that goes through both of the concentric circles. Make sure that it is coincident to the y axis. Then trim the line segments that lay inside of the inner circle and the line segments that lay outside of the outer circle. This, is carried out by using the *Trim* feature located in the *Modify* portion of *Sketching*.

Line Body Creation

Concept > Lines From Sketches . Set the Base Object to Sketch 3. (located underneath XYPlane in the Tree). Click Generate

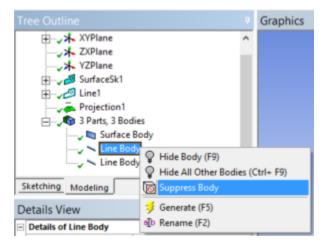
Projection

Tools > Projection .

Apply the two lines that you created to edge and apply the surface body to target. You must do these steps by using the line selection filter and the surface selection filter. For the two lines hold down control to select them both. Click *Generate*.

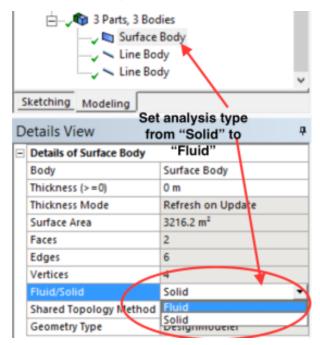
Suppress Line Bodies

Under "Tree Outline", expand "3 Parts, 3 Bodies". Find the two line bodies, right click and choose suppress.



Change type to "Fluid"

Under "Tree Outline", expand "3 Parts, 3 Bodies" and select "Surface Body". Then set the type "Fluid/Solid" to Fluid.



Close Design Modeler and Save Project

To save the project, first close the design modeler and at the workbench window, go to files -> archive. If you choose "save", it will save it as two items: a file and a folder whereas the archive option saves it as one integrated item.

\Lambda cyl	inder - Workbench					
File	View Tools Units I	Extensions	Help			
1	New	Ctrl	+N			
1	Open	Ctrl	+0 Up	date	Project	
	Save	Ctrl	+S t	Schen	natic	
	Save As					
8	Save to Repository					
2	Open from Repository			•	A	
0	Send Changes to Repository				Fluid Flow (Fluent)	
0	Get Changes from Repositor	Y			Geometry	✓ ₄
	Manage Repository Project			- 4	Mesh	✓ ₄
2	Register Session with Reposi	tory			Setup	✓ ₄
4	Launch EKM Web Client				Solution	✓ ▲
	Import			6 🧕	Results	✓ ∡
	Archive				cylinder	
	Restore Archive					
	Scripting					
	Export Report					
	1 C: \Users \cj336 \Documents	\cylinder.wb	pj			
	Exit	Ctrl	+Q			
-	Transient Structural					
	Transient Thermal		_			
⊕ Co	omponent Systems					
_	ustom Systems					
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⊞Đ	ternal Connection Systems					

Go to Step 3: Mesh

Go to all FLUENT Learning Modules