

Modal Analysis of a Composite Monocoque - Pre-Analysis & Start-Up

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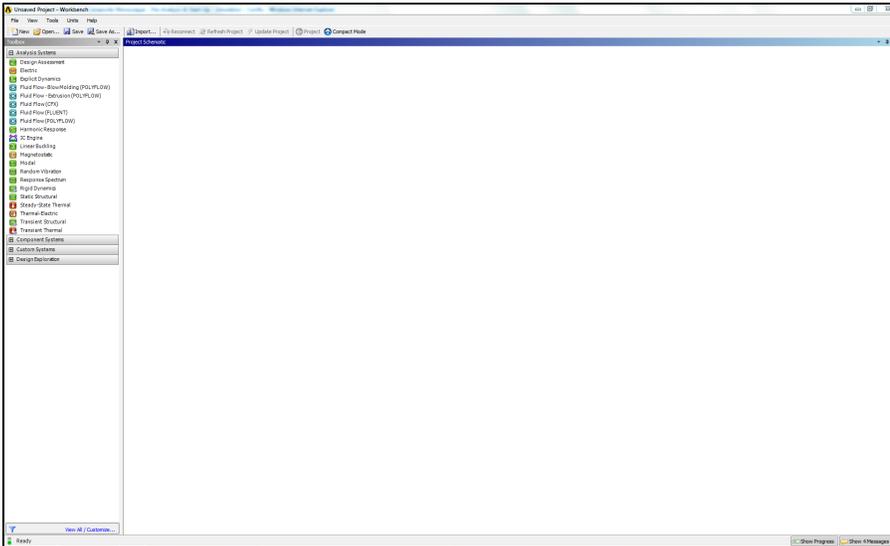
Pre-Analysis

The analytical calculation of the problem are explained in this [PDF](#) document. These passages are taken from the isotropic analysis section of "Design, Analysis and Testing of a Formula SAE Carbon Fiber Monocoque Chassis" by Jingsi Wu, Owusu A. Agyeman Badu, and Yongcheng Tai.

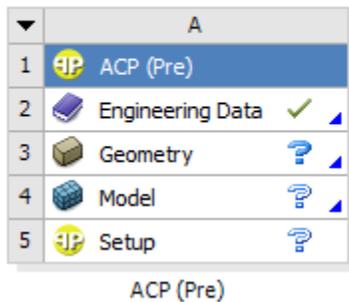
Start-Up

Open ANSYS Workbench

Open ANSYS Workbench by going to Start > All Programs > ANSYS 14.0 > Workbench 14.0. This will open the start up screen as seen below:



Expand **Component Systems**, then drag **ACP (Pre)** to the Project Schematic window, as shown below.



Save the project and name it, *Modal Analysis of a Composite Monocoque*.

Set-up the Material Properties

The material properties for composite materials are different than typical isotropic materials, because some material properties depend on direction. Also, monocoque typically have a sandwich structure consisting of carbon fiber layups surrounding an aluminum core. The following steps show how to enter orthotropic properties into ANSYS.

T300 Weave

Double click **Engineering Data**

Add a new material by click into the text box, and name the material "T300 weave".

To enter an orthotropic material property, go to **Linear Elastic** > (Drag) Orthotropic Elasticity onto the new material. A lists of property information will appear in the Property Outline as shown below:

Properties of Outline Row 4: T300					
	A	B	C	D	E
1	Property	Value	Unit		
2	Orthotropic Elasticity			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	Young's Modulus X direction		psi	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	Young's Modulus Y direction		psi	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	Young's Modulus Z direction		psi	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	Poisson's Ratio XY			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7	Poisson's Ratio YZ			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8	Poisson's Ratio XZ			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9	Shear Modulus XY		psi	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10	Shear Modulus YZ		psi	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11	Shear Modulus XZ		psi	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Here are the corresponding properties for this material:

- Ex = 8.5E6 psi
- Ey = 8.5E6 psi
- Ez = 1E6 psi
- Vxy = 0.06
- Vyz = 0.06
- Vxz = 0.06
- Gxy = 5.6E5 psi
- Gyz = 5.6E5 psi
- Gxz = 8.3E5 psi

This type of composite is weaved, so you have to define that as well, go to **Physical Properties** > (Drag) Density and Ply Type on to the new material. Enter 0.056 lb/in³ for the density. Also, expand **ply type** and select **Woven** from the pull down menu.

Next step, we need to define the stress limits and Tsai-Wu constants for failure analysis. Expand **Strength** > (Drag) Orthotropic Stress Limits and Tsai-Wu Constants on to the new material. Enter the property values that are shown below:

13	Orthotropic Stress Limits				<input type="checkbox"/>
14	Tensile X direction	1.02E+05	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
15	Tensile Y direction	1.02E+05	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
16	Tensile Z direction	50000	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
17	Compressive X direction	-9E+05	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
18	Compressive Y direction	-9E+05	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
19	Compressive Z direction	-4.5E+05	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
20	Shear XY	11327	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
21	Shear YZ	11327	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
22	Shear XZ	11327	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
23	Tsai-Wu Constants				<input type="checkbox"/>
24	Coupling Coefficient XY	-1			<input type="checkbox"/>
25	Coupling Coefficient YZ	-1			<input type="checkbox"/>
26	Coupling Coefficient XZ	-1			<input type="checkbox"/>

5250 Core

Enter the properties for the 5250 Core as was done for the the weave. The values are displayed in the figure below:

1	Property	Value	Unit	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	Density	0.0524	lb in ⁻³	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	Orthotropic Elasticity				<input type="checkbox"/>
4	Young's Modulus X direction	1.5E+07	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	Young's Modulus Y direction	1.4E+06	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	Young's Modulus Z direction	1.4E+06	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7	Poisson's Ratio XY	0.3			<input type="checkbox"/>
8	Poisson's Ratio YZ	0.3			<input type="checkbox"/>
9	Poisson's Ratio XZ	0.3			<input type="checkbox"/>
10	Shear Modulus XY	8.3E+05	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11	Shear Modulus YZ	7.89E+05	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12	Shear Modulus XZ	56000	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13	Orthotropic Stress Limits				<input type="checkbox"/>
14	Tensile X direction	3.582E+05	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
15	Tensile Y direction	11000	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
16	Tensile Z direction	11000	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
17	Compressive X direction	-69500	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
18	Compressive Y direction	-39000	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
19	Compressive Z direction	-39000	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
20	Shear XY	18800	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
21	Shear YZ	18800	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
22	Shear XZ	18800	psi	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
23	Tsai-Wu Constants				<input type="checkbox"/>
24	Coupling Coefficient XY	-1			<input type="checkbox"/>
25	Coupling Coefficient YZ	-1			<input type="checkbox"/>
26	Coupling Coefficient XZ	-1			<input type="checkbox"/>
27	Ply Type				<input type="checkbox"/>
28	Type	Regular		<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Steel for the Suspension Links

Suspension links are normal isotropic materials. It has purposely been made to be really stiff, so that the deformation of the monocoque can be seen more clearly. Here are the properties to use for structural steel:

1	Property	Value	Unit		
2	  Isotropic Elasticity			<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	Derive from	Young's Modulus and... 			
4	Young's Modulus	1E+09	psi 		<input type="checkbox"/>
5	Poisson's Ratio	0.01			<input type="checkbox"/>
6	Bulk Modulus	2.3452E+12	Pa		<input type="checkbox"/>
7	Shear Modulus	4.9505E+08	psi		<input type="checkbox"/>

[Go to Step 2: Geometry](#)

[Go to all ANSYS Learning Modules](#)