

# Modal Analysis of a Satellite - Mesh

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## Mesh

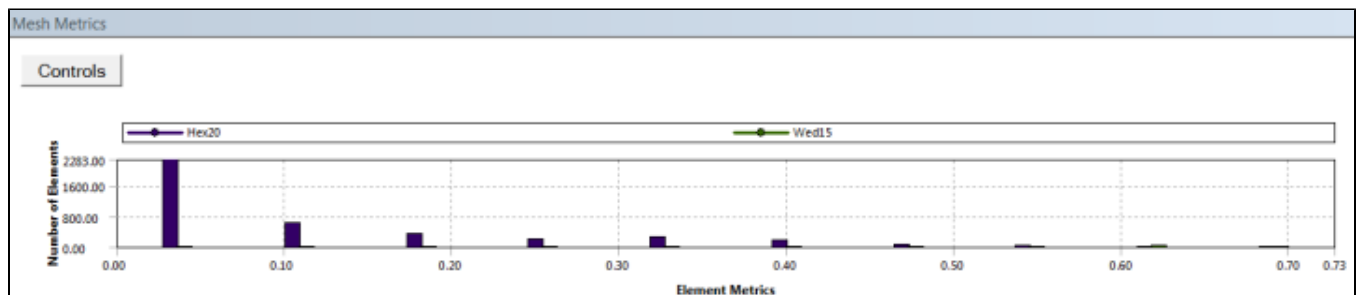
### Generating the Mesh

To open the mesher, double click the Model tab  **Model** in the *Workbench* window. This will open up the *Design Modeler*.

From here, left click on the Mesh tab  **Mesh** and maximize the **Sizing** tab in the detail window. Change the Element Size to 0.005m. To generate the mesh, right click on the **Mesh tab > Generate Mesh**.

I found this mesh size to give a relatively low skewness, implying more accurate element types on which theory is applied.

The skewness of a mesh can be viewed by selecting **Mesh**, maximizing the **Statistics** tab in the detail window, and selecting **Skewness** in the drop-down menu for **Mesh Metric**. The graph displays the number of elements and their skewness (0 corresponds to a perfect element type while 1 corresponds to a deformed element). From the skewness graph below, it can be seen that the majority of elements are of Hex20 type and low skewness.



### Notes

This CubeSat's geometry has been greatly simplified to reduce the complexity of the mesh and thus reducing the run-time of the modal analysis. While this model only requires a reduction in element size, a more realistic CubeSat model would require mesh refinements and the application of different meshing methods. In particular, when dealing with a larger, more complex isogrid (face of triangular stiffeners), the Sweep Method is a great tool for reducing skewness.

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