

# Optimizing for large traffic spikes

The "cfcache" tag in Coldfusion 9 can help with load spikes related to traffic. This can add complexity to a site and should only be used if necessary (do not over optimize!).

[http://help.adobe.com/en\\_US/ColdFusion/9.0/CFMLRef/WSc3ff6d0ea77859461172e0811cbec22c24-7d5a.html](http://help.adobe.com/en_US/ColdFusion/9.0/CFMLRef/WSc3ff6d0ea77859461172e0811cbec22c24-7d5a.html)

In my very rudimentary tests it made a simple page that queries a database run faster (3.4 ms per request vs. 6.1 ms per request). For spikes like an announcement this could be a pretty big win. The best optimization is to convert to a static HTML page or using SSI, but that isn't always possible. A static page was similar to the performance of using cfcache (3.5 ms).

There could be other issues with using cfcache (exhaust memory, bad cache hits, etc...), but it could be a good back pocket option and one to explore.

Here's the example code that I did:

(vanilla CFM)

testcf9-vhost

```
<cfquery datasource="emc256">
```

```
select text from text
```

```
</cfquery>
```

```
<pre>
```

```
<cfoutput query="tobedb">
```

```
#text#
```

```
</cfoutput>
```

```
</pre>
```

```
% ab -c 50 -n 5000 "vanilla cfm site"
```

...

Time per request: 6.194 [ms] (mean, across all concurrent requests)

...

(using cfcache)

```
<cfcache
```

```
timespan="#createTimeSpan(0,0,10,0)#">
```

testcf9-vhost

```
<cfquery datasource="emc256">
```

```
select text from text
```

```
</cfquery>
```

```
<pre>
```

```
<cfoutput query="tobedb">
```

```
#text#
```

```
</cfoutput>
```

```
</pre>
```

```
</cfcache>
```

```
% ab -c 50 -n 5000 "cfcache page"
```

...

Time per request: 3.400 [ms] (mean, across all concurrent requests)

...

(static HTML)

testcf9-vhost

<pre>

To be, or not to be, ...pre>

% ab -c 50 -n 5000 "static html page"

...

Time per request: 3.573 [ms] (mean, across all concurrent requests)

...