## Shigella spp.

Shigella is a Gram-negative foodborne pathogen that is closely related to *E. coli* and *Salmonella*<sup>1.</sup> A publication by Scallan et al.<sup>2</sup> in 2011 estimated that 131,254 human foodborne shigellosis cases, including 10 deaths, occur annually in the US. Three *Shigella* groups are the major disease-causing species: *S. flexneri*, which is the most frequently isolated species of Shigella worldwide (accounting for 60% of cases in developing countries); *S. sonnei*, which caus es 77% of cases in developed countries; and *S. dysenteriae*, which is usually the cause of epidemics of dysentery, particularly in confined populations such as refugee camps<sup>3</sup>.

Key laboratories studying various aspects of foodborne shigellosis in the US and Canada include:

Ramakrishna Nannapaneni, Mississippi State University, USA

Barakat Mahmoud, Mississippi State University, USA

Keith R. Schneider, University of Florida, USA

Key laboratories studying various aspects of foodborne shigellosis in Europe include:

Catarina Mammina, Italy

S. Ethelberg, Statens Serum Institut (Danish National Institute of Health, SSI), Denmark

Key laboratories studying various aspects of foodborne shigellosis in South and Latin America include:

Key laboratories studying various aspects of foodborne shigellosis in Asia and Australia include:

## Additional resources on Shigella spp.:

A number of key sources on *Shigella* spp. and shigellosis are available. For a comprehensive overview on *Shigella*, we suggest the book "A Guide to Foodborne Pathogens" or "Foodborne Pathogens: Microbiology and Molecular Biology". For public health advise on how to reduce the risk of shigellosis infections, a number of WWW pages are available from the US CDC, including a factsheet on "Shigellosis" and also a brief overview of "Shigella and Drinking Water from Private Wells". Also, from the WHO a guide on world disease burden of *Shigella* "WHO: Diarrhoeal Diseases."

## References

1http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shigella

<sup>4</sup>B. L. Nygren et al. 2012. Foodborne outbreaks of shigellosis in the USA, 1998--2008. Epidemiology and Infection. FirstView Article: pp 1-9; http://journals.cambridge.org/action/displayAbstract?fromPage=online&aid=8498869.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Scallan et al. 2011.Emerging Infectious Diseases 17:7-15 PMID:21192848

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>http://www.who.int/vaccine\_research/diseases/diarrhoeal/en/index6.html