Consider the steady state case of a fluid flowing past a cylinder, as illustrated above. Obtain the velocity and pressure distributions when the
Reynolds number is chosen to be 20. In order to simplify the computation, the diameter of the cylinder is set to 1 m, the x component of the
velocity is set to 1 m/s and the density of the fluid is set to 1 kg/m$^3$. Thus, the dynamic viscosity must be set to 0.05 kg/m*s in order to obtain the
desired Reynolds number.

Go to Step 1: Pre-Analysis and Start-Up

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