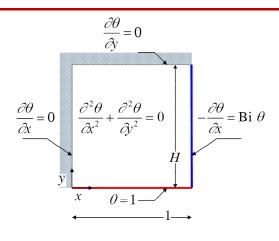
## 2D Steady Heat Conduction in a **Block: Problem Overview**





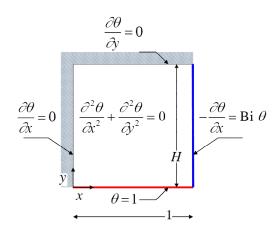
Find temperature and heat flux distribution

- Dimensionless temperature:  $\theta \equiv \frac{T - T_{\infty}}{T_o - T_{\infty}}$
- *T<sub>o</sub>*: Constant temperature of bottom face
- $T_{\infty}$ : Far temperature of fluid bathing the right face
- $\frac{H}{W} = 2$ ,  $Bi = h \frac{W}{k} = 5$

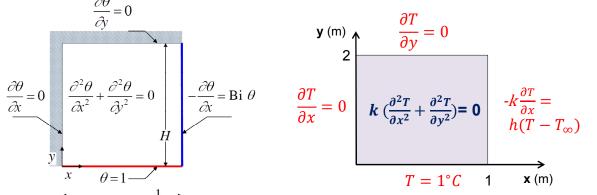
## Mathematical Model: Boundary Value Problem



Non-dimensional BVP

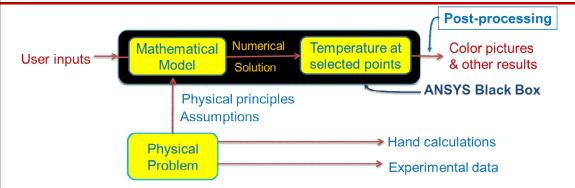


**Dimensional BVP in ANSYS** 



# **Pre-Analysis**



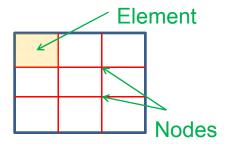


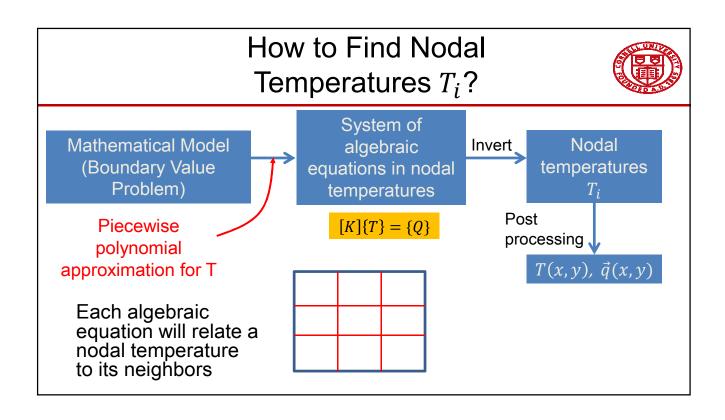
- Mathematical model
- Numerical solution strategy
- Hand-calculations of expected results/trends

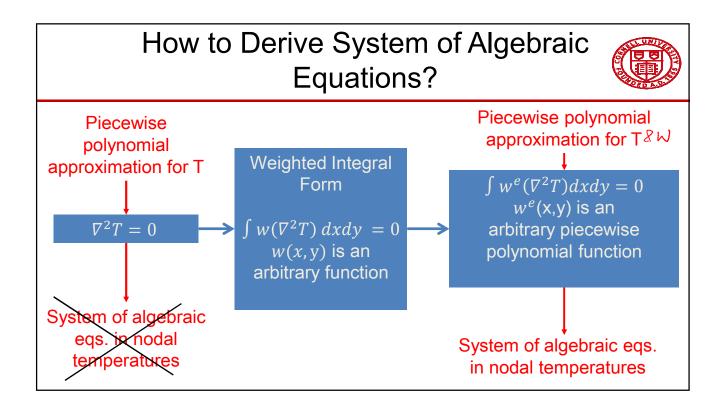
## Numerical Solution Strategy: Finite-Element Method



- Divide domain into elements and nodes
- Reduce the problem to determining temperature values only at nodes (T<sub>i</sub>)
  - Use polynomial interpolation to relate temperature within an element to T'<sub>i</sub>s



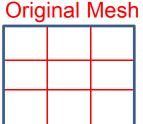




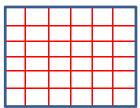
## How to Reduce the Error in the Finite Element Solution?



- FE solution tends to the exact solution as polynomial approximation gets better
- Two ways to do this
  - Increase no. of elements
  - Increase order of polynomial within each element
    - Use more nodes per element



Refined Mesh

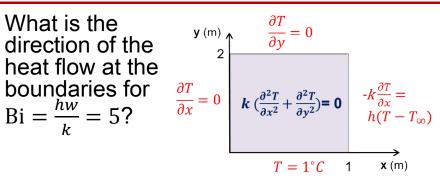


# **Hand Calculations: Predict Expected Results/Trends**



· What is the direction of the

boundaries for Bi = 
$$\frac{hw}{k}$$
 = 5?



# Hand Calculations: Analytical Solution (courtesy Prof. Michel Louge)



$$\theta = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} f_j \theta_j(x, y),$$

$$f_j = \frac{2\sin\lambda_j}{\lambda_j[1 + \exp(2\lambda_j H^*)]} / \left[1 + \frac{\text{Bi}}{\text{Bi}^2 + \lambda_j^2}\right],$$

The eigensolutions are

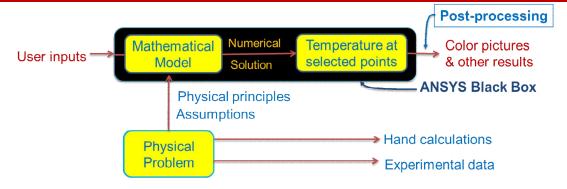
$$\theta_j = \cos(\lambda_j x^*) \exp(\lambda_j y^*) \{1 + \exp[2\lambda_j (H^* - y^*)]\},$$

with eigenvalues satisfying

$$\lambda_j \tan \lambda_j = \text{Bi}.$$

## **Verification & Validation**





- Verification: Did I solve the model right?
  - Check consistency with mathematical model, level of numerical errors, comparison with hand calcs
- · Validation: Did I solve the right model?
  - Check against experimental data

# **Verification Steps**



- 1. Sanity checks
- 2. Does the FEA solution honor the boundary conditions in the mathematical model?
- 3. Does the FEA solution honor the physical principles in the mathematical model?
  - Check energy conservation in the domain
- 4. Is the discretization error acceptable?
  - Perform mesh refinement studies
- 5. Does the FEA solution match the analytical solution?