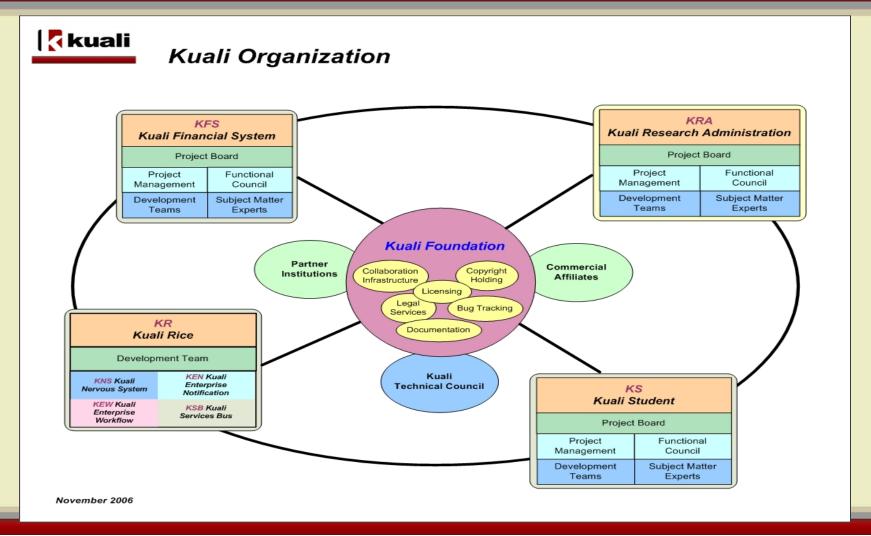


Kuali Research Administration Overview

KRA IRB SME Mirror Group
May 2007









What is Kuali & KRA

- Kuali began as a community/open source initiative to create a financial system for higher education.
- Kuali partners identified research administration gaps in financial modules
- Investigated best practices and licensed MIT Coeus
- Kuali Research Administration (KRA) launched
- Incorporates functions of:
 - Sponsored Program Solutions
 - Office of Research Integrity and Assurance



KRA - Partner Institutions

- Cornell University
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- Michigan State University
- University of Arizona
- University of Indiana
- Coeus Consortium institutions



Why Kuali at Cornell?

- Need for financial system upgrade lead to joining KFS effort
- Belief in community source model
- Recognition of gap in KFS functionality lead to support of and membership in KRA
- Interest in integration of financial, sponsored and research compliance systems
- Need for Grants.gov S2S and research compliance systems



Why Coeus at Cornell?

- Weill Cornell Medical College was already a Coeus user and consortium member
- Support for Kuali/Coeus collaboration Ithaca campus joined Coeus Consortium at steering member level in May 2006
- Ithaca campus plans to use Coeus IRB module interim solution to critical need while awaiting a KRA solution



KRA – Kuali Philosophy & Infrastructure

- Identify "best of breed" solutions from among partners as base for each module
- Common Kuali User Interface
- Leverage Kuali Rice architecture and development standards (nervous system, enterprise notification, enterprise workflow and service bus)

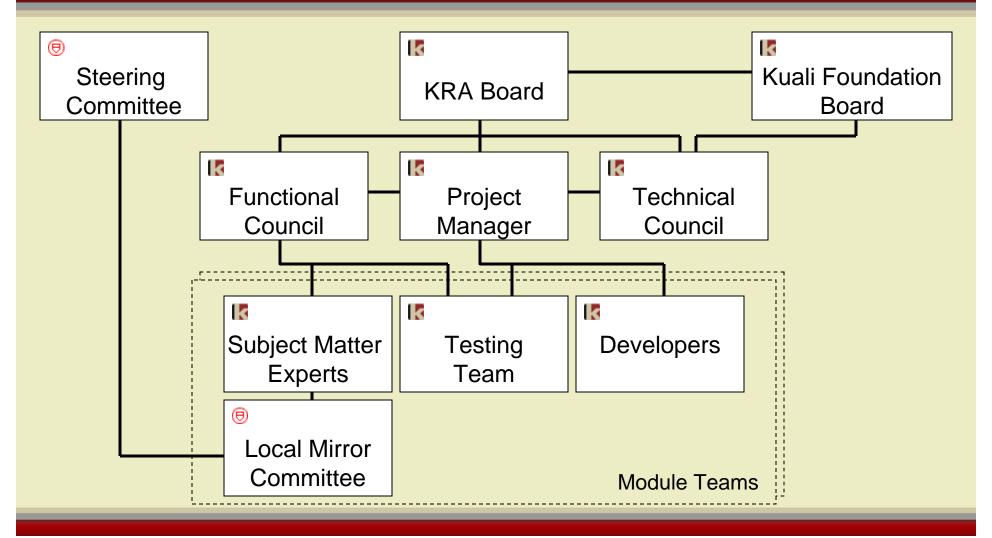


KRA – Governance Structure

- Report to the Kuali Foundation Board
- Share a Technical Council across all Kuali communities
- Separate KRA Board, Functional Council and Project Manager
- For each module create team of subject matter experts, developers and testers









Subject Matter Experts (SMEs)

- Group is formed with two to four members per partner institution. Participants part time
- Lead SME is identified. Works closely with development manager & business analyst
- Weekly conference calls and possible, but infrequent face-to-face meeting
- Translates functionality into specifications
- Validates code generated by developers.



Cornell SME Mirror Group

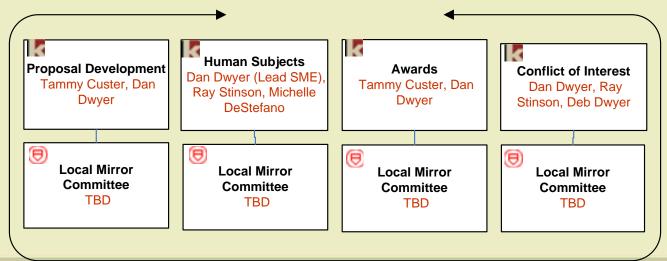
- Representative of all Cornell stakeholders for a specific KRA module
- Review KRA development and provide input on functionality and priorities to be fed back to KRA SME group
- Meet about monthly
- Respond via e-mail to specific questions as needed





Cornell Organization (Functional)

Steering Committee DeStefano, Silber, Dwyer, Fay, Stinson, Koehler, McClure, Lander, Obendorf, Knuth, Newman



Coeus modules - Subject Matter Expert group currently active



First Priority Modules

- Proposal development (including budget template, routing & Grants.gov S2S)
- IRB
- Award
- Conflict of Interest



Second Priority Modules

- Proposal
- Negotiations
- Report Tracking
- Subcontracts



Third Priority Modules

- Animal Use
- Export Control
- Institutional Biosafety
- Chemical/Radiation safety



KRA – More Information

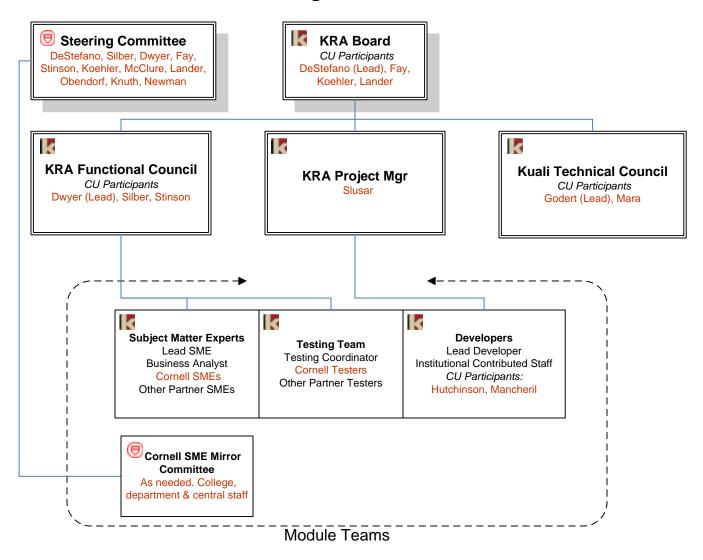
- Cornell Contacts
 - Joanne DeStefano, KRA Board member
 - Dan Dwyer, KRA Functional Council representative
 - Jeff Silber, Sponsored Programs
 - Ray Stinson, Research Compliance
 - Bryan Hutchinson, KRA Developer
- http://www.kuali.org/communities/kra/







Kuali Research Administration Cornell Organization Structure



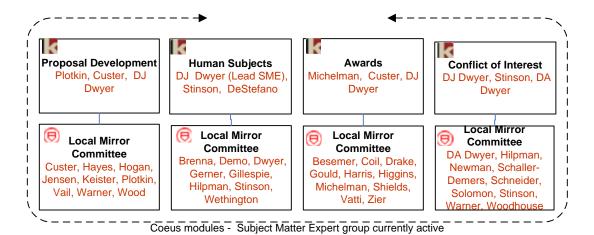
Module teams will be formed as active development phases begin. Anticipated modules are proposal development (including budget development, routing and submission), proposal management, human subjects, compliance monitoring, award management, conflict of interest, award negotiation, report tracking, subcontracts, animal use, biological agents, radiation safety, export control and responsible conduct of research.

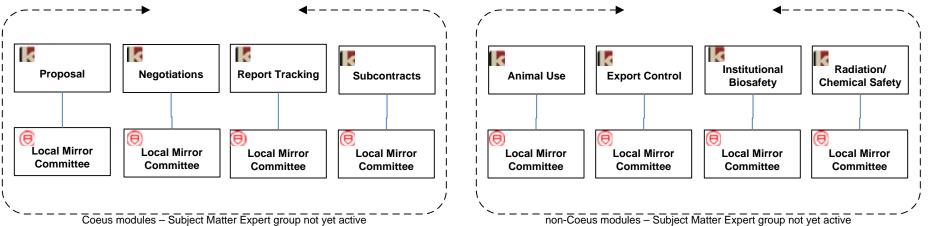




Kuali Research Administration Cornell Organization Structure









KRA-IRB Committee Set-up

Functional Specification

Module - IRB

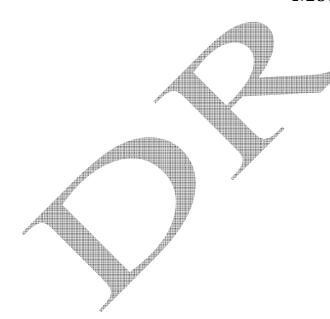
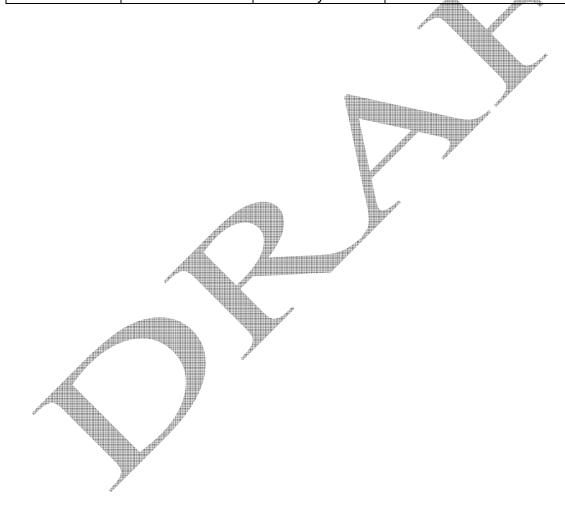


Table of Contents

Revision History	3
Functional Description	4
Business Requirements and Assumptions	5
Requirements	
Assumptions	5
Business Rules	6
Unclassified	6
Universal	6
Universal with Institutional Values	6
Coeus/MIT Specific	6
Batch Scheduling (optional)	7
System Integration Points (optional)	8
System Integration Points (optional)	9
Flow of Events (optional)	10
Main Success Scenario	10
Alternate Flows	10
Pre-Conditions	11
Post-Conditions	11
Pages and Actions	12
Pages and Actions Screen Shot	12
Actions / Responses	12
Error Messages	13
Workflow and Routing	13
Workflow Actions (optional)	13
Routing Rules and Actions (optional)	13
Document Statuses (ontional)	13
Permissions	13
Permissions	13
DefinitionsError! Bookmark not o	lefined.
Database Objects (optional)Error! Bookmark not o	lefined.
Questions/Issues	13

Revision History

Version	Date	User	Description	
1.0	5/10/07	Linda Triemer	Committee Setup	
1.0	5/11/07	Dan Dwyer	n Dwyer Minor edits, added screen shot and error messages	
1.1	5/16/07	Dan Dwyer	Reviewed with SME Group	
1.2	5/16/07	Lora O'Connor	Update file name and title; Replaced Database Objects section with Field Definitions section; Added wording to Workflow and Permissions section; Adding wording to Additional Information	
1.3	5/18/07	Dan Dwyer	Notes from 5/15 conference call incorporated	



Functional Description

This function permits the set-up of a committee that is involved in the review and/or approval of a research protocol. The committee function, in general, allows a committee administrator to create the committee and identify members. The function should allow institutional flexibility to determine sufficient descriptor fields, e.g., member contact information, expertise, dates of appointment, etc. Initially the committee set-up capability will be used for IRB committees, but will be developed in anticipation that it will also be used for other committee types such as IACUC, IBC, limited submissions and internal review.



Business Requirements and Assumptions

[The Requirements and Assumptions section should always provide a list of the Business Requirements and a list of the Business Assumptions.

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.

Requirements

[The Business Requirements sub-section should list the top-level requirements of the module/document, i.e., the module/document should always do "XYZ".]

- 1. A specific administrator role is required to create or modify a committee
- 2. The committee must have an identifier, name and home unit

Assumptions

- 1. The Committee must have members prior to use
- 2. Committees will have scheduled meetings
- 3. Protocols will be assigned to scheduled meetings for review and approval



Business Rules

If a committee is named, the function requires at least one member (or administrator) to be named.

Unclassified

[The Unclassified Business Rules sub-section provides a listing of the rules that aren't initially associated with Universal, Universal with Institutional Values or Coeus/MIT Specific. These rules should be placed under the three main sub-sections as analysis progresses.]

None at this time

Universal

[The Universal Business Rules sub-section provides a listing of the rules that are standard across all KRA institutions as written.]

Universal with Institutional Values

[The Universal with Institutional Values Business Rules sub-section provides a listing of the rules which are standard across all KRA institutions but refer to institution-specific data values that may differ across institutions and may require additional/different value entries.]

It is recommended, but not required that the OHRP registration number is used as the value for Committee ID on each committee

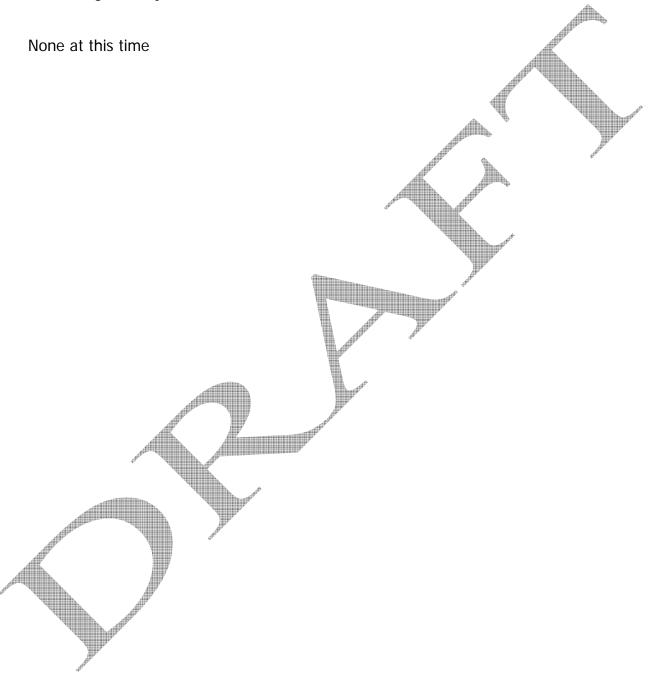
Coeus/MIT Specific

[The Coeus/MIT Specific Business Rules sub-section provides a listing of the rules that are specific to Coeus/MIT and can either be adopted by other KRA institutions, replaced with similar institutional-specific rules, or simply commented out.]

None at this time

Batch Scheduling (optional)

[The Scheduling section provides a detailed review of the scheduling for a batch job. It should include jobs that should complete before this job, jobs that should run after this one and scheduling of this job.]

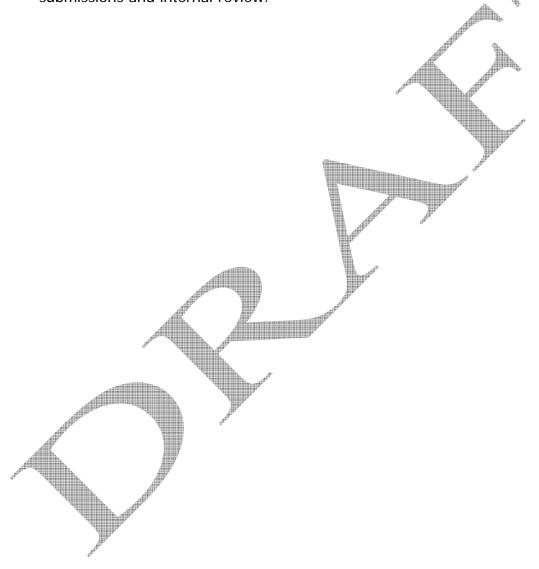


System Integration Points (optional)

[The System Integration Points section provides a detailed description of requirements this function has for integrating with other non-KRA internal or external systems.

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.

Initially the committee set-up capability will be used for IRB committees, but will be developed in anticipation that it will also be used for other committee types such as IACUC, IBC, limited submissions and internal review.



Government Regulations

Business rules defined throughout this document are based on the following federal regulations

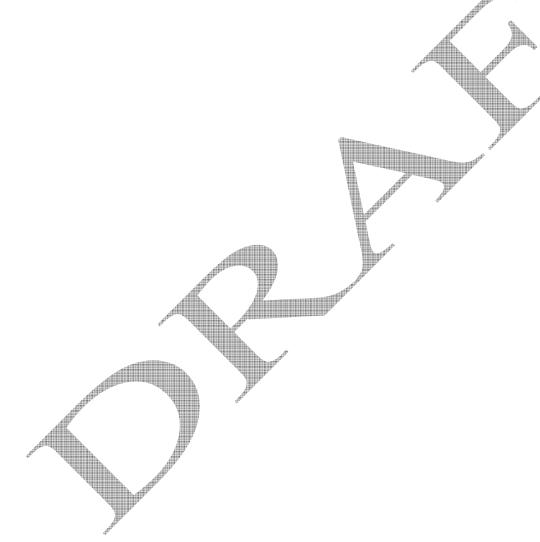
45 CFR 46.107 – Institutional Review Boards

45 CFR 164.512(i)(1)(B) – Privacy Boards

7USC, 2131-2156 Animal Welfare Act – Institutional Animal Committees

21 CFR 50.56 FDA Protection of Human Subjects

Dept of Education Regulations for Disabled persons (need official name)



Flow of Events (optional)

The administrator sets up the committee with members, and the relevant contact information and descriptors. The system permits a printout of a roster that meets committee specific requirements, e.g., OHRP, AAHRPP

Main Success Scenario - Enter new committee

[A brief description of the Success Scenario is presented here.]

Actor/Role Actions	System Actions
Adminstrator selects Committee management link	
	2. System returns a list of current committees
3. Administrator selects "Add Committee" button	
	System displays committee eDoc with blank fields
5. Administrator enters committee information. Committee ID, Committee Name and Home Unit are required fields	and the second s
6. Adminstrator clicks "save" button	A STATE OF THE STA
	7. System stores committee record
Administrator clicks Close Committee button or closes window	
	9. System closes Committee Detail window

Alternate Flows - Modify committee

[The Alternate Flows sub-section provides additional flows beyond the main success scenario.]

Actor/Role Actions	System Actions
1. Adminstrator selects Committee	
management link	
	2. System returns a list of current committees
3. Administrator selects a committee from list	
de _{be}	System displays committee eDoc with fields populated
5. Administrator enters committee	
information. Committee ID is not editable.	
Committee Name and Home Unit are	

required fields	

Alternate Flows - Close without saving

[The Alternate Flows sub-section provides additional flows beyond the main success scenario.]

Actor/Role Actions	System Actions
Administrator enters committee information. Committee ID, Committee Name and Home Unit are required fields	
	System displays message "Do you want to save changes" [Yes] [No] [Cancel]
3. Administrator selects [Yes]	and the second s
	System saves record and closes Committee detail window

Pre-Conditions

[The Pre-Conditions sub-section provides a listing of the conditions that must be true for the inputs to ensure a successful execution of an action. For example, a user wants to access the system. He must have a valid account.]

1. User wants to access Committee module

The committee administrator role has been defined to include the ability to setup a committee and committee roster

2. Unit table has been populated

The Committee panel of the Committee detail window requires that the system unit table is populated with the unit hierarchy which can be searched and units selected.

Post-Conditions

1. Committee exists and people with appropriate role can view and select it.

[The post-condition is presented here.]

Pages and Actions

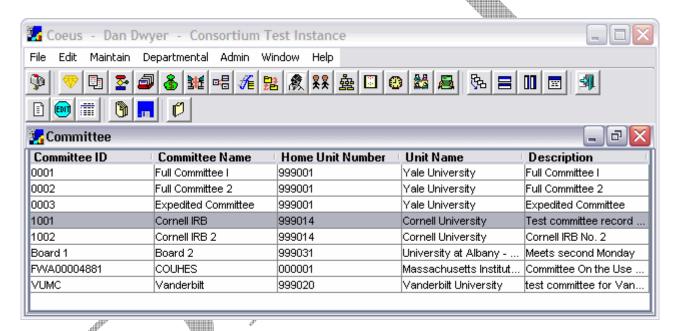
[The Pages and Actions section provides a detailed review of the function that will be represented in the document. This section should include process descriptions, flowcharts, activity diagrams or other descriptions of functionality.

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.]

Screen Shot

[The name of the function, screen and the actual image are presented here.]

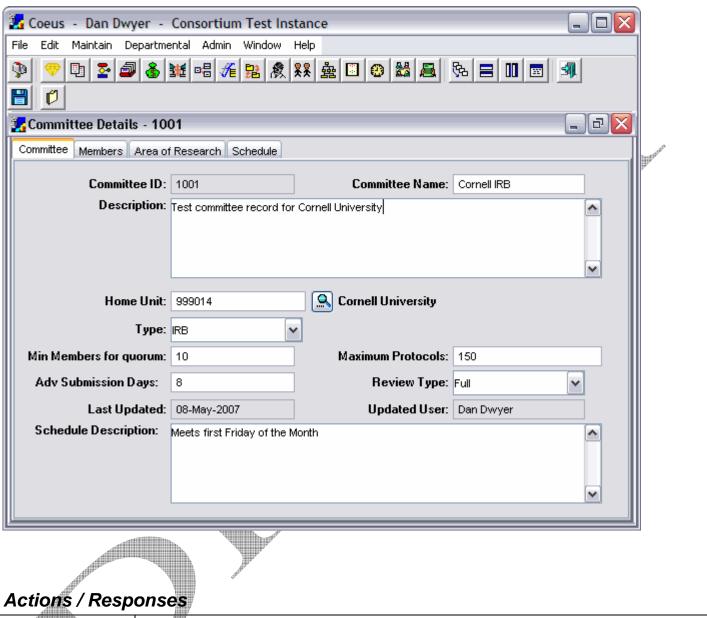
Screen Shot 1: Coeus Committee Select Window



Actions / Responses

Action	Response
Double click on	A read-only view of the committee window is displayed
Committee row	
Highlight	An editable view of the committee window is displayed
committee row	
and click edit	
button	

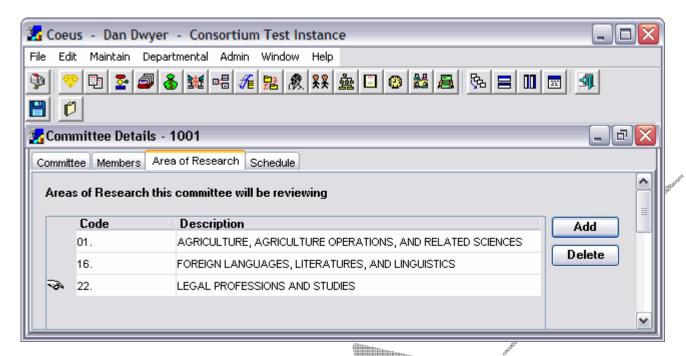
Screen Shot 2: Community Detail Window, Committee Panel



Action	Response
	P
and the same	

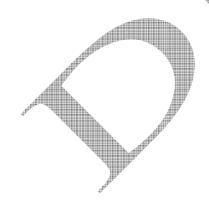
Add Home Unit Screen shot and action/responses here

Screen Shot 3: Community Detail



Actions / Responses

Action	Response
Click Add Button	Area of research – Select Node window appears
Select Area of	Message appears "Are you sure you want to delete this area of research?" [Yes] [No]
Research and	
click delete	
button	
Choose [Yes]	Area of research is removed from Area of Research panel
Choose [No]	Message window removed. Return to Area of Research panel





Actions / Responses

Action	Response
Highlight Area of	Area of Research is added to list on Area of Research Panel.
Research and	
click OK	
Click Search	Area of Research Search Window is displayed
Button	
Click Cancel	Area of Research Select Node Window is closed. No other action taken.

Error Messages

[The Error Messages section should provide an overview of how messages will be handled for the function that will be represented in the document. Most of the functions will require error messages related to saving data to the database (ex: characters in a numeric field). However, there are some functions that require error messages that relate directly to business rules validation. It might be necessary to list error messages in this section or list error messages within the Business Rules section.

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.]

1. Committee ID field required

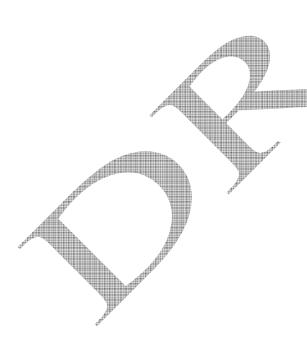
Committee ID field cannot be blank, Please enter Committee ID.

2. Committee Name field required

Committee Name cannot be blank. Please enter a name.

3. Unit number field required

Unit number cannot be blank. Pease select a Unit number.



Workflow and Routing

[The Workflow and Routing section provides an overview of the workflow and routing actions and rules for the function represented in the document.

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.]

No routing of committee setup or changes is required.

Workflow Actions (optional)

[The Workflow Actions sub-section provides an overview of workflow interactions]

Routing Rules and Actions (optional)

[The Routing Rules and Actions sub-section provides an overview of routing. Routing rules indicate where a particular transaction is routed based on the validated data contained in the transaction.]

Document Statuses (optional)

[The Document Statuses sub-section provides an overview of the different status values that a document can have and when transitions between these statuses occur.]

More detailed information on Workflow and Routing will most likely be handled in a separate specification document.

Refer to the Additional Information section in this document for specific Confluence/Oncourse/Coeus URL references to Workflow and Routing (KEW) information.

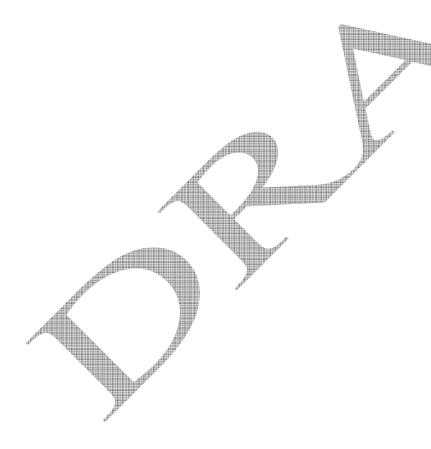
Permissions

[The Permissions section provides an overview of the permission structure related to this function. This section should include roles, actions and states. It might be necessary to present the roles, actions and states in this section or within the Business Rules section.

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.]

More detailed information on Permissions/Rights will most likely be handled in a separate specification document.

Refer to the Additional Information section in this document for specific Confluence/Oncourse/Coeus URL references Permissions/Rights information.



Additional Information (optional)

[The Additional Information section can be used to provide supplemental information for the function that will be represented in the document. It may be necessary to include supplemental information for clarity to readers (ex: definitions).

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.]

Definitions

[The Definitions sub-section should contain terms that help define the function. They can be defined in any order desired, but generally alphabetical order provides the greatest accessibility.]

NOTE: All Definitions should be added to the main KRA Glossary https://test.kuali.org/confluence/display/KRACOEUS/KRA+Glossary

To be added to Glossary:

Committee

Member

IRB - INSTITUTIONAL REVIEW BOARD (IRB): 1. A committee of physicians, statisticians, researchers, community advocates, and others that ensures that a clinical trial is ethical and that the rights of study participants are protected. All clinical trials in the U.S. must be approved by an IRB before they begin. 2. Every institution that conducts or supports biomedical or behavioral research involving human participants must, by federal regulation, have an IRB that initially approves and periodically reviews the research in order to protect the rights of human participants. (source clinicaltrials.gov)

References 4

[This References sub-section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.]

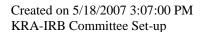
Field Definitions

[The Field Definitions sections can be used to identify information about specific fields, including label name, title and description, length, required or not required.

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.]

xxxx Tab

Data Label	Title and Description	Additional Information
Label Name for Field #1	Label Name Full Title Describe the field in more detail and what it is used for. Is this the description that should appear in any help information on the page?	xx characters - Required
Label Name for Field #2	Label Name Full Title Describe the field in more detail and what it is used for. Is this the description that should appear in any help information on the page?	xxx alpha/numeric – Not Required
Label Name for Field #3	Label Name Full Title Describe the field in more detail and what it is used for. Is this the description that should appear in any help information on the page?	xx numeric



Questions/Issues

[The Questions/Issues section provides a list of items that are concerns to the Business Analyst, DM, Lead Developer or SME with regard to the function that will be represented in the document.

This section can include references. Specify the sources from which the references can be obtained. This information may be provided by reference to another document.]

1. Should Area of Research panel be merged with Committee Panel?

The area of research panel on the committee screen has only one field of data on it. It likely was separated from the committee panel to reduce screen size. Because Kuali is web based with scrolling and hidable sections, it seems logical to combine the Area of Research panel with the committee panel.

2. Is Committee Type a value that is universal with business rules associated with it or configurable by institution?

If there are business rules behind this value it may need to be universal value. Also as other committee types are added (IACUC, IBC, etc) values will need to be expanded.

3. Do we require or recommend use of OHRP registration number?

Or do we have a separate field for it.

4. Should additional fields be required fields?

e.g., At least one member, area of research?

5. Area of science values?

Should these be pre-populated with values from Coeus test system? What is the source of these values (NIH CRISP?). Would some institutions want to allow free text? Does area of science value on committee limit the type of protocols that can be reviewed by that committee? Is there any relationship between area of science in IRB and science code in proposal development (I think not)? Should there be?