

# Swan-Ganz Catheter Equations

## O<sub>2</sub> Tension-Based Indices

A-a Gradient – Normal <20 mmHg

$$\text{A-a Gradient} = (150 - 1.1 \cdot \text{PaCO}_2) - \text{PaO}_2$$

Intrapulmonary Shunt – Normal <5%

$$\frac{Q_s}{Q_t} = \frac{\text{CcO}_2 - \text{CaO}_2}{\text{CcO}_2 - \text{CvO}_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{CcO}_2 &= (1.36 \cdot \text{Hb} \cdot 1) + (\text{P}_{\text{A}}\text{O}_2 \cdot 0.003) \\ \text{CaO}_2 &= (1.36 \cdot \text{Hb} \cdot \text{SaO}_2) + (\text{PaO}_2 \cdot 0.003) \\ \text{CvO}_2 &= (1.36 \cdot \text{Hb} \cdot \text{SvO}_2) + (\text{PvO}_2 \cdot 0.003)\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{P}_{\text{A}}\text{O}_2 = (150 - 1.1 \cdot \text{PaCO}_2)$$

VQ Index – Normal <5%

$$\text{VQI} = \frac{1 - \text{SaO}_2}{1 - \text{SvO}_2}$$

Systemic Oxygen Delivery (DO<sub>2</sub>) – Normal  $\approx 1000 \text{ ml/min/m}^2$

$$\text{DO}_2 = \text{CO} \cdot \text{CaO}_2 \cdot 10$$

Systemic Oxygen Consumption (VO<sub>2</sub>) – Normal 100-125 ml/min/m<sup>2</sup>

$$\begin{aligned}\text{VO}_2 &= (\text{CO} \cdot \text{CaO}_2) - (\text{CO} \cdot \text{CvO}_2) \\ &= \text{CO}(\text{CaO}_2 - \text{CvO}_2) \\ &= \text{CO} \cdot \text{Hb} \cdot 13.8 \cdot (\text{SaO}_2 - \text{SvO}_2)\end{aligned}$$

↑ ?

A-V O<sub>2</sub> Difference – Normal 5 vol %

$$\text{A-V O}_2 \text{ Difference} = \text{CaO}_2 - \text{CvO}_2$$

Oxygen Extraction Ratio – Normal 22-30%

$$\text{OER} = \frac{\text{CaO}_2 - \text{CvO}_2}{\text{CaO}_2} \cdot 100$$

Oxygen Extraction Index – Normal 22-30%

$$\text{OEI} = \frac{\text{SaO}_2 - \text{SvO}_2}{\text{SaO}_2} \cdot 100$$